

**REPORT TO THE TWENTY-SEVENTH HAWAII STATE LEGISLATURE  
2013**

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF HOUSE CONCURRENT  
RESOLUTION 199, H.D.1, ADOPTED BY THE 2010 HAWAII STATE  
LEGISLATURE**

**DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES  
MED-QUEST DIVISION  
DECEMBER 2012**

**REPORT SUBMITTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO THE 2013 LEGISLATURE PURUSANT TO HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (H.C.R .) 199, H.D.1, ADOPTED BY THE 2010 HAWAII STATE LEGISLATURE**

H.C.R. 199, H.D.1, requested that the Department of Human Services report on the aggregate number of recipients receiving benefits under both QUEST and a private health care plan.

On June 30, 2012, there were 234,218 enrollees in the QUEST program. Out of that there were 16,612 recipients receiving QUEST benefits that also have a private health care plan. This number reflects information reported to the Department by recipients and may not accurately reflect the total number with a private health care plan.

The Department was aware that there are other States that require private health plans to transmit enrollment information of their members to the State's Medicaid agency. This provides the agency with a process to ensure that the private health care plans pay for covered benefits rather than the Medicaid program. Ensuring that the private health care plans pay for those benefits that they are responsible to cover, helps to reduce Medicaid expenditures.

The 2012 Hawaii Legislature passed Act 95 that, as part of the Department's program integrity efforts, will require health plans to report their membership information to an independent third party entity that would conduct a match against Hawaii Medicaid recipients beginning in 2014. The matches would then be reported to the State Medicaid agency to ensure that the Medicaid program is the payor of last resort.