

**REPORT TO THE TWENTY-SIXTH HAWAII STATE
LEGISLATURE 2012**

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF HOUSE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 199, H.D.1, ADOPTED BY THE
2010 HAWAII STATE LEGISLATURE**

**DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES
MED-QUEST DIVISION
DECEMBER 2011**

REPORT SUBMITTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO THE 2012 LEGISLATURE PURUSANT TO HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION (H.C.R .) 199, H.D.1, ADOPTED BY THE 2010 HAWAII STATE LEGISLATURE

H.C.R. 199, H.D.1, requested that the Department of Human Services report on the aggregate number of recipients receiving benefits under both QUEST and a private health care plan.

On June 30, 2011, there were 277,834 enrollees in the QUEST program. Out of that there were 11,523 recipients receiving QUEST benefits that also have a private health care plan.

This number reflects information reported to the Department by recipients and may not accurately reflect the total number with a private health care plan. Some States require that private health plans transmit enrollment information of their members to the State's Medicaid agency so that the agency has this information to ensure that the private health care plan pays for covered benefits rather than the Medicaid program. By ensuring the private health plans are paying for those benefits that they are responsible to cover, it helps to reduce Medicaid expenditures. Hawaii, however, does not have such a law that requires reporting of members to the State Medicaid agency.